# Housing and Property Chamber First-tier Tribunal for Scotland

Decision with Statement of Reasons of the First-tier Tribunal for Scotland (Housing and Property Chamber) under Section 18 of the Housing (Scotland) Act 1988

Chamber Ref: FTS/HPC/EV/18/1650

Re: Property at 53 Spruce Road, Abronhill, Cumbernauld, G67 3AX ("the Property")

# Parties:

Mr Steven Hall, Unit 1, Faraday Court, Dundee, DD2 3UD ("the Applicant")

Miss Amy Beattie, 53 Spruce Road, Abronhill, Cumbernauld, G67 3AX ("the Respondent")

### **Tribunal Members:**

Neil Kinnear (Legal Member) and Gordon Laurie (Ordinary Member)

Decision (in absence of the Respondent)

The First-tier Tribunal for Scotland (Housing and Property Chamber) ("the Tribunal") determined that

# Background

This is an application dated 29<sup>th</sup> June 2018 brought in terms of Rule 65 (Application for order for possession in relation to assured tenancies) of *The First-tier Tribunal for Scotland Housing and Property Chamber (Procedure) Regulations 2017* as amended.

The Applicant provided with his application copies of the short assured tenancy agreement, form AT5, section 19 notice (form AT6), section 11 notice, and relevant executions of service. All of these documents and forms, except in respect of the section 11 notice, had been correctly and validly prepared in terms of the provisions of the *Housing (Scotland) Act 1988*, and the procedures set out in that Act had been correctly followed and applied.

The form AT6 intimated to the tenant that the landlord intended to raise proceedings for possession of the house on grounds 8, 11, and 12 in Part II of Schedule 5 to the *Housing (Scotland) Act 1988.* 

The Respondent had been validly served by sheriff officers with the notification, application, papers and guidance notes from the Tribunal on 23<sup>rd</sup> August 2018, and we were provided with the execution of service.

A hearing was held on 11<sup>th</sup> September 2018 at Glasgow Tribunals Centre, 20 York Street, Glasgow. That hearing was adjourned to allow the Applicant to serve a replacement section 11 notice for the reasons set out in the Tribunal's decision and Statement of Reasons of that date.

The Respondent was validly served by sheriff officers with the notification of the adjourned hearing date and a copy of a valid replacement section 11 notice on 11<sup>th</sup> October 2018, and we were provided with the execution of service.

# The Hearing

A continued hearing was held on 31<sup>st</sup> October 2018 at Glasgow Tribunals Centre, 20 York Street, Glasgow. The Applicant did not appear, but was represented by Ms Euphemia Matheson, solicitor. The Applicant's father attended with Ms Matheson. The Respondent did not appear, nor was she represented. The Respondent has not responded to this application at any stage either in writing or by any other form of communication.

We were invited by Ms Matheson with reference to the application and papers to grant the order sought on grounds 8, 11 and 12 of Schedule 5 to the *Housing* (*Scotland*) Act 1988. She tendered a further rent arrears statement updated to today's date, which disclosed current arrears of rental of £4,962.00. The monthly rent for the property in terms of the short assured tenancy agreement is £495.00. The outstanding rent arrears amount to substantially in excess of 3 months' rent.

## Statement of Reasons

In terms of Section 18(3) of the *Housing (Scotland) Act 1988* ("the Act"), if the Tribunal is satisfied that any of the grounds in Part I of Schedule 5 to the Act is established then, subject to subsections (3A) and (6), the Tribunal shall make an order for possession.

Section 18(3A) of the Act provides that if the First-tier Tribunal is satisfied (a) that Ground 8 in Part I of Schedule 5 to this Act is established; and (b) that rent is in arrears as mentioned in that Ground as a consequence of a delay or failure in the payment of relevant housing benefit or relevant universal credit, the Tribunal shall not make an order for possession unless the Tribunal considers it reasonable to do so.

Section 18(6) of the Act provides that the First-tier Tribunal shall not make an order for possession of a house which is for the time being let on an assured tenancy, not being a statutory assured tenancy, unless (a) the ground for possession is Ground 2 or Ground 8 in Part I of Schedule 5 to this Act or any of the grounds in Part II of that Schedule, other than Ground 9, Ground 10, Ground 15 or Ground 17; and (b) the terms of the tenancy make provision for it to be brought to an end on the ground in question.

The Tribunal is satisfied that ground 8 contained in Part 1 of Schedule 5 to the Act has been established. The Tribunal has not been satisfied that rent is in arrears as a consequence of a delay or failure in the payment of relevant housing benefit or relevant universal credit. There has been no evidence to establish any such reason for rent arrears. The terms of the short assured tenancy agreement make provision for it to be brought to an end on the ground in question.

In terms of Section 18(4) of the Act, if the Tribunal is satisfied that any of the grounds in Part II of Schedule 5 to this Act is established, the Tribunal shall not make an order for possession unless the Tribunal considers it reasonable to do so.

Section 18(4A) of the Act provides that in considering for the purposes of subsection (4) above whether it is reasonable to make an order for possession on Ground 11 or 12 in Part II of Schedule 5 to this Act, the First-tier Tribunal shall have regard, in particular, to the extent to which any delay or failure to pay rent taken into account by the Tribunal in determining that the Ground is established is or was a consequence of a delay or failure in the payment of relevant housing benefit or relevant universal credit.

The Tribunal is satisfied that grounds 11 and 12 contained in Part 2 of Schedule 5 to the Act have been established, and considers that it is reasonable to make an order for possession. The Tribunal has not been satisfied that rent is in arrears as a consequence of a delay or failure in the payment of relevant housing benefit or relevant universal credit. There has been no evidence to establish any such reason for rent arrears.

For the above reasons, the Tribunal shall make an order for possession.

# **Decision**

In these circumstances, we will make an order for possession of the house let on the tenancy as sought in this application.

# **Right of Appeal**

In terms of Section 46 of the Tribunal (Scotland) Act 2014, a party aggrieved by the decision of the Tribunal may appeal to the Upper Tribunal for Scotland on a point of law only. Before an appeal can be made to the Upper Tribunal, the party must first seek permission to appeal from the First-tier Tribunal. That party must seek permission to appeal within 30 days of the date the decision was sent to them.

Neil Kinnear	31/10/18
Legal Member/Chair	Date